

Pintos Overview



— Why, What and How

TA Session



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Some announcements:

- Lab 0 Code will due next Thursday 11:59 pm
- Lab 0 Design Doc will due next Sunday 11:59 pm



Educational OS Project Zoo



JOS
IA32
MIT6.828



xv6
RISCV32
MIT6.S081



Nachos
MIPS
Old CS162



Pintos
IA32
CS162



Q : Why Pintos ?

Design and Implementation



➤ OSDI, NSDI, PLDI

➤ Talk is cheap, show me the code

➤ Your design matters !!

➤ Write 2000+ LOC in a 10000+ LOC codebase



Welcome to the World of Operating System

Q : Why Pintos ?

You will learn by **Read The Code**

- important skill both in production and research
- learn from good coding style
- some tools may help you



Q : Why Pintos ?

You will learn by **Design The Code**

- think tenth, code once
- design doc template may help you
- not Pintos, but **Your Pintos**



Q : Why Pintos ?

You will learn by **Write The Code**

- maybe your first time writing 2000+ LOC
- tricky multi-threading synchronization
- test-driven development



Q : Why Dintos ?

You will

- You will
- start ea



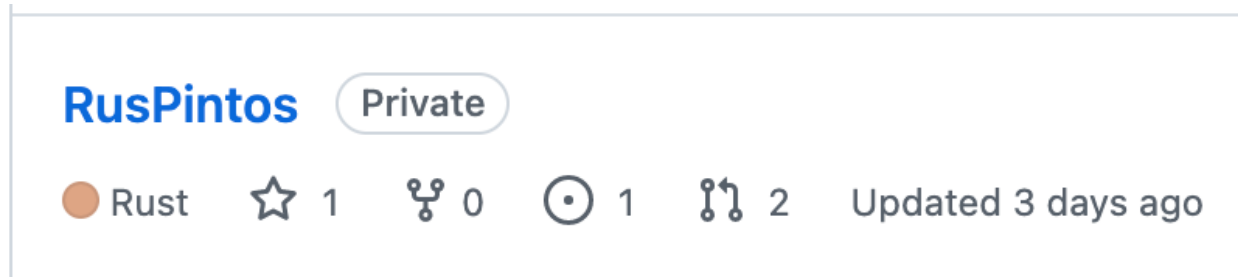
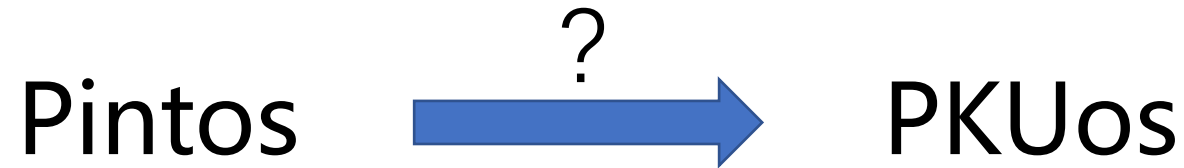
ode



Welcome to the World of Operating System

Q : Why **not** Pintos ?

- IA32 architecture : CISC ISA, historical legacy

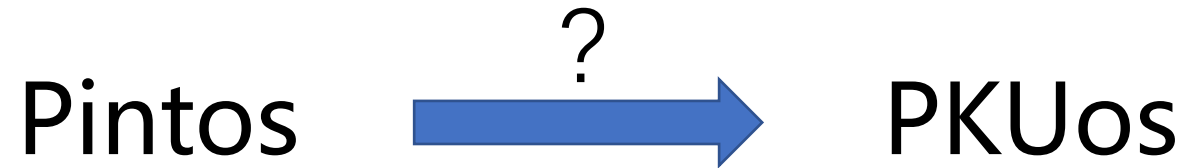


Pintos reimplemented **in Rust**
based on **RISCV64**.



Q : Why **not** Pintos ?

- IA32 architecture : CISC ISA, historical legacy

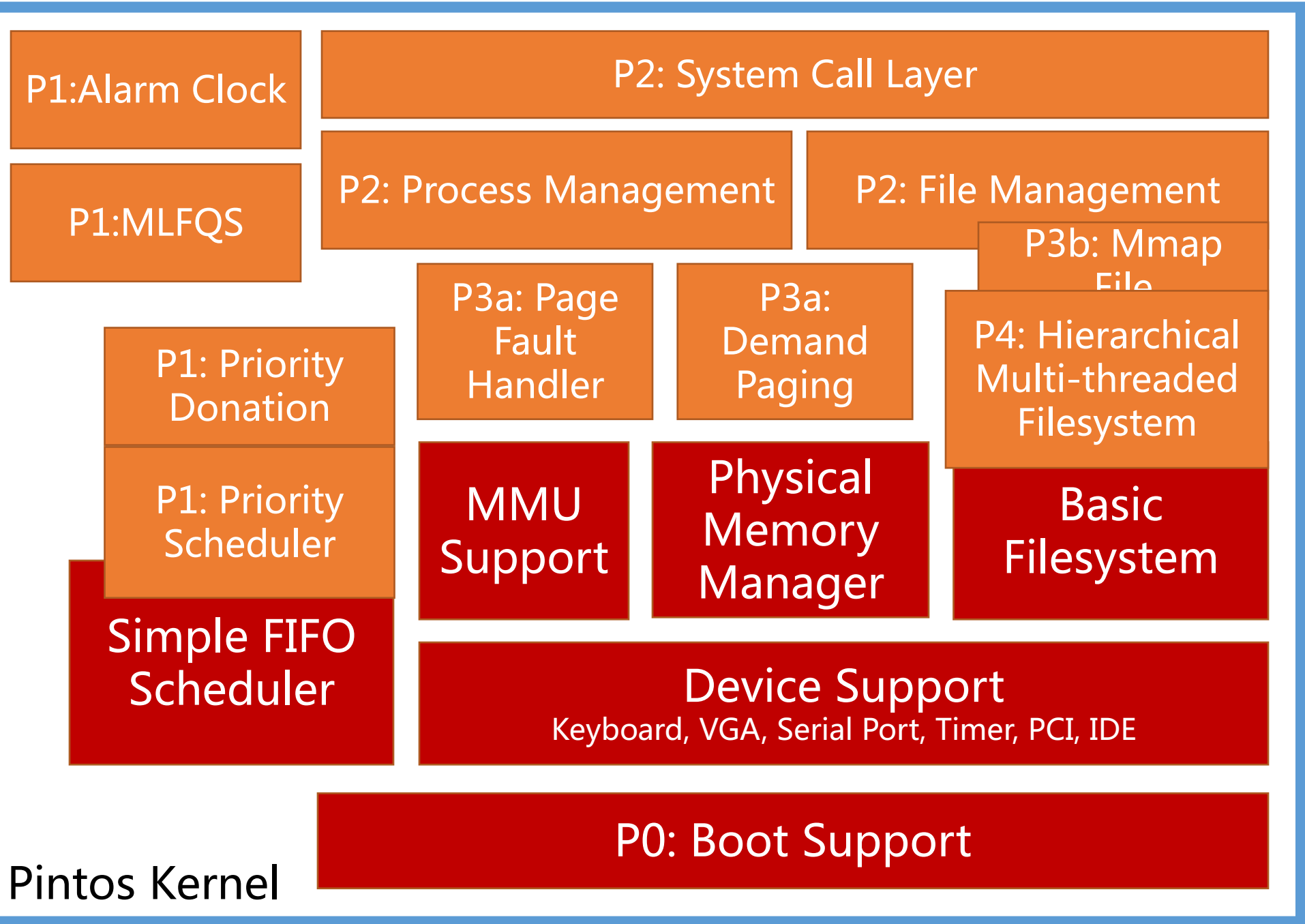


- time consuming : 100 hours + + +

optional lab4, long long long lab document, per-lab TA session



Q : So ... what will you do?



Typical workflow:

Lab released
on the Course Website



Read through the lab document



TA session

Read through the lab document
and design doc carefully



Design your data structures
and interfaces



Write and Debug code
Pass all the test cases
Submit code zip before code DDL

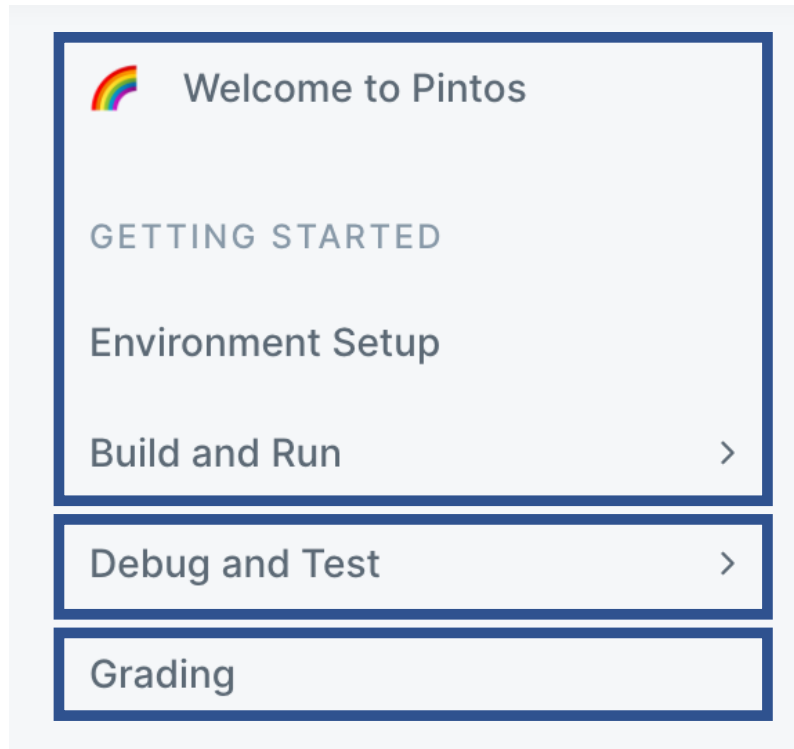


Answer the questions in design doc
submit it before design doc DDL



Q :How to survive?

PintosBook long, but helpful



Set up you local development environment.

Look through it and look back if needed.

Important, read it carefully.



Q :How to survive?

PintosBook

PROJECT DESCRIPTION

Lab0: Getting Real	>
Lab1: Threads	>
Lab2: User Programs	>
Lab3a: Demand Paging	>
Lab3b: Mmap Files	>
(Optional) Lab4: File Systems	>

Look through it before each TA Session.

Read it carefully during implementation.

Optional but rewarding Lab4.



Q :How to survive? PintosBook

APPENDIX

- Code Guide >
- 4.4BSD Scheduler
- C Standards
- Project Documentation
- Development Tools
- Bibliography
- Code Browser ↗

PKUOS - Pintos

Pintos source browser for PKU Operating System course

Main Page	Data Structures ▾	Files ▾
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File List

Here is a list of all files with brief descriptions:

▼ src	
▶ devices	
▶ examples	
▶ filesystem	
▶ lib	
▶ tests	
▶ threads	
▶ userprog	
▶ utils	



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Q :How to survive?

Your kind TA **fat**, but **helpful**

Learn to ask questions.

Do not be shy, ask in class, in office hour or in the Piazza.



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But your TAs are not your personal assistants.



- "My program crashed."
- "What does this error mean?"
- "I failed xxx testcase."
- "My computer can not boot."



Think twice, Ask once.

- [How to ask questions the smart way.](#)
- RTFM (Read The Fucking Manual)
- STFW (Search The Fucking Web)



Think twice, Ask once.



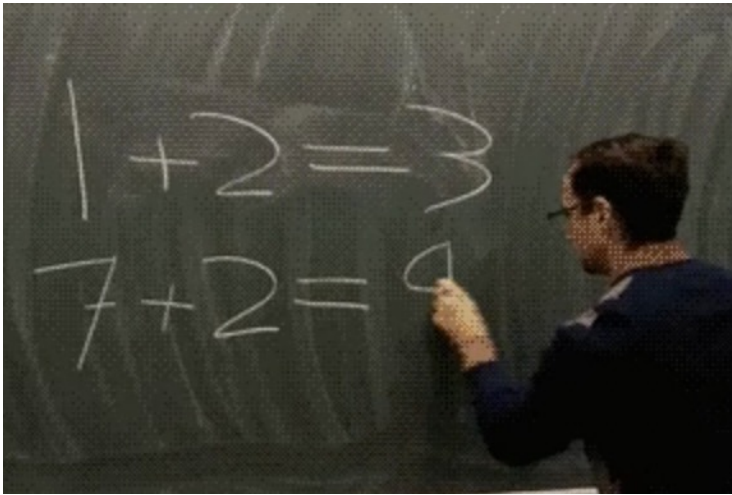
- "I encounter xxx under xxx condition."
- "Google says xxx, StackOverflow says xxx, Document says xxx, but yyy."
- "Hey, fat TA, I found xxx and I think you do not know about it !"



Q :How to survive?

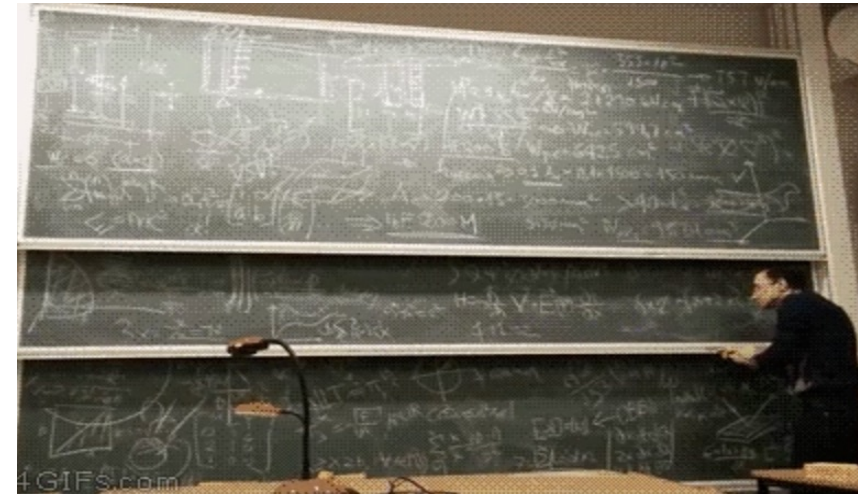
Good habits *awkward*, but *helpful*

Use **Version Control** tool — **Git**



Newly written code

A week later



The same code



[How to write good commit message.](#)

Q :How to survive? Good habits

Write **concise** but **good** comments.

- Summarize the function in one sentence first.
- Pre-condition: input constraints (You may ASSERT these constraints)
- Post-condition: return value, exception (kernel panic)



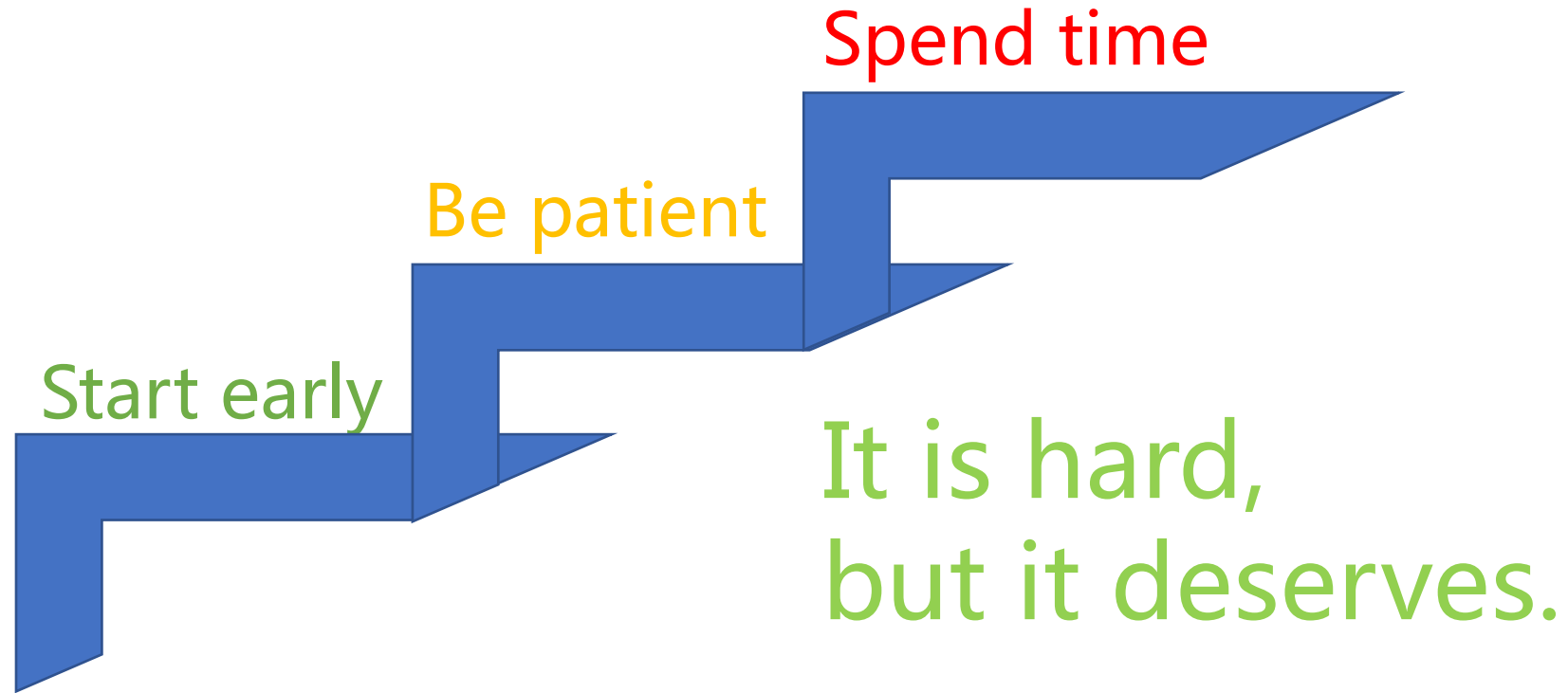
Q :How to survive? Good habits

Module and Abstraction.

- A function should (only) do one thing clean
- A function more than 100 LOC warning
- A function more than 200 LOC Something may go wrong



Q :How to survive?



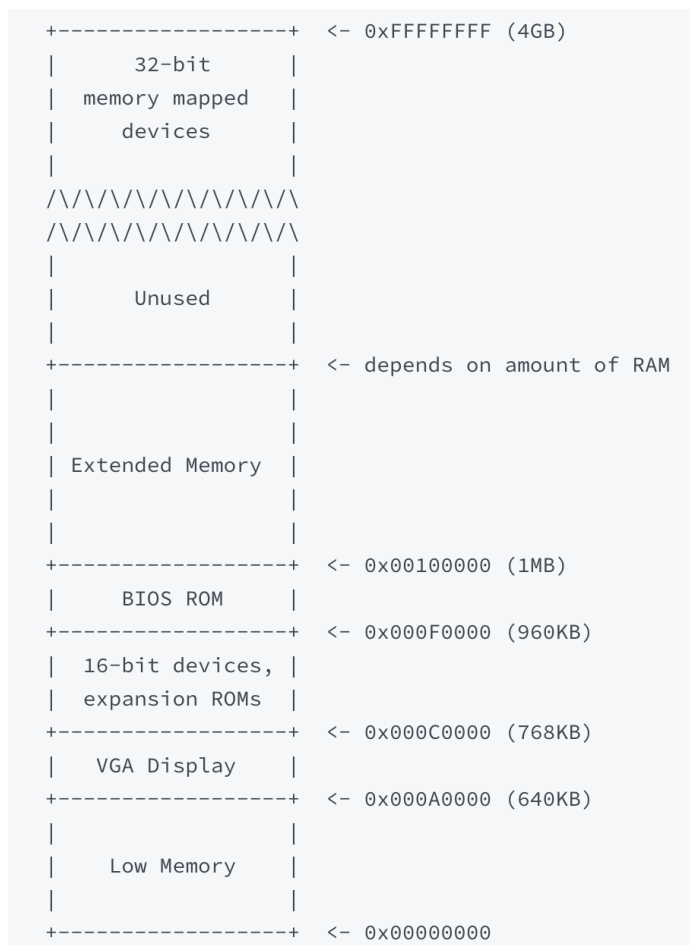
Lab0 FAQs



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Booting Pintos

Physical Address Space



4GB physical address space == 4GB RAM ?

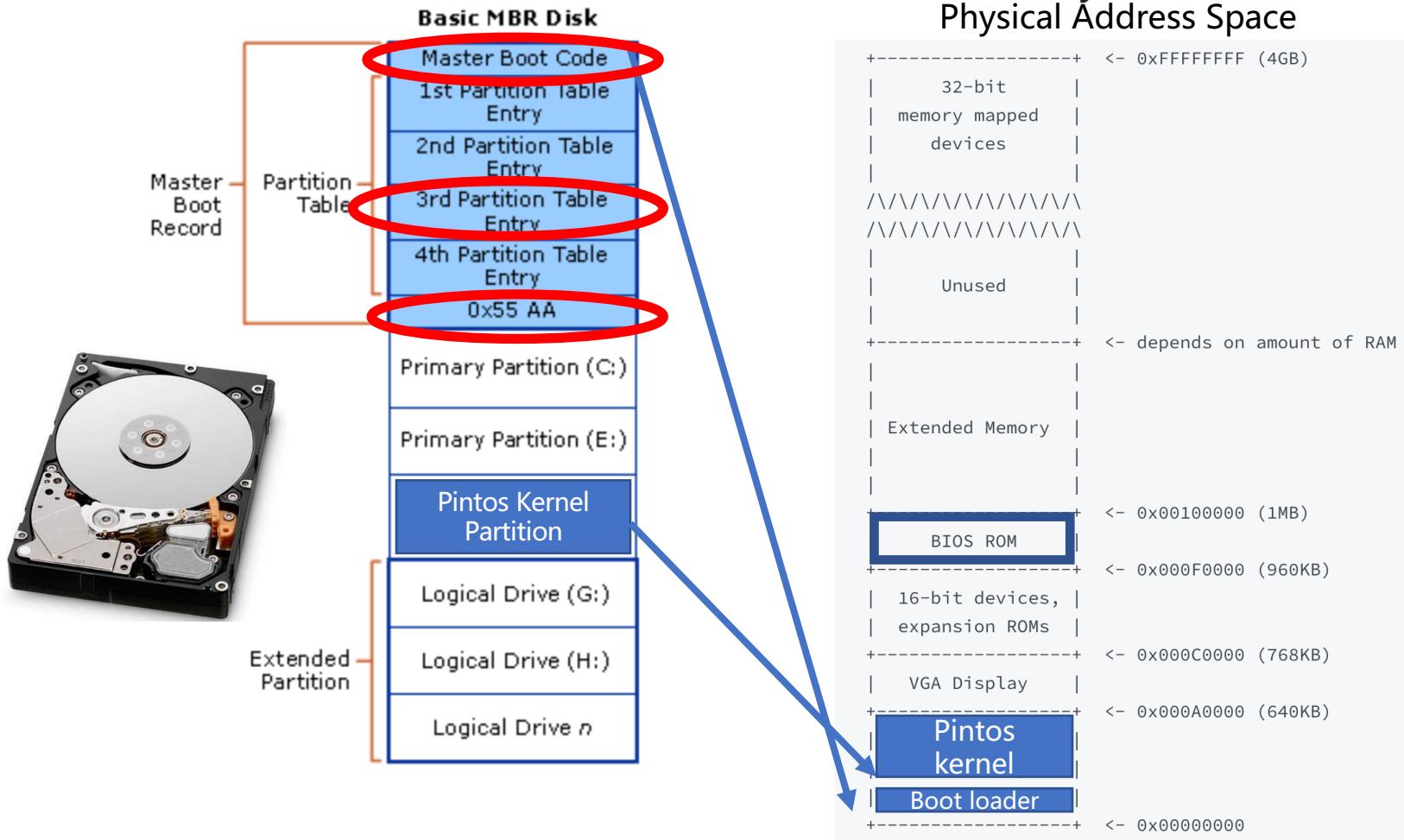
```
Pintos hda1
Loading.....
Kernel command line:
Pintos booting with 3,968 kB RAM...
367 pages available in kernel pool.
367 pages available in user pool.
Calibrating timer... 32,716,800 loops/s.
Boot complete.
```

You can even set the RAM size in pintos options.



Booting Pintos

This MBR code is usually referred to as a boot loader.



Hard-wired by the hardware

The real-world booting process can be much more **complicated**

GRUB, UEFI,



X86 Mode (history legacy)

X86 Real Mode

Enabled in `start.S`



X86 Protected Mode

- 16-bit Instructions and Registers

AX, BX, CX, DX, SI, DI, BP, SP

- 20-bit Memory Address Space (Up to 1MB)

16-bit segment registers

CS, DS, SS, ES, FS, GS

$PAddr = SEG \ll 4 + \text{Operand}$

- 32-bit Instructions and Registers

EAX, EBX, ECX, EDX, ESI, EDI, EBP, ESP

- 32-bit Memory Address Space (Up to 4GB)

Reserved segment registers, but for protection

Address translation enabled



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Conclusion

➤ Why Pintos?

- Design and Implementation
- Read, Design, Write, Debug the code

➤ What will you do in the projects?

- Projects Map
- Typical workflow

➤ How to survive the projects?

- PintosBook
- Ask questions
- Good habits
- Good attitude

➤ Lab0 FAQs: Booting Pintos, X86 mode





<https://github.com/PKU-OS>

Learn it,
Master it,
Love it,
and Join us.

Email : zhongyinmin@pku.edu.cn
Github : PKUFlyingPig

The screenshot shows the GitHub profile page for 'PKU Operating System Course'. The profile header includes the PKU logo, the name 'PKU Operating System Course', 24 followers, location 'China', website 'https://pku-os.github.io/', and email 'zhongyinmin@pku.edu.cn'. Navigation tabs include Overview, Repositories (14), Projects, Packages, Teams, People (4), and Settings. The 'Pinned' section displays six repositories:

- pintos** (Public): The pintos source distribution for PKU Operating System Course projects. C, 11 stars, 14 forks.
- pintos-doxygen** (Public): Pintos code documentation generated by Doxygen. HTML.
- pku-os.github.io** (Public): PKU Operating System Course Website. CSS.
- Pintos-gitbook** (Public): The gitbook for Pintos project in Peking University. 1 star.
- sp22** (Public): Spring 2022 Course Website for Operating System Course at Peking University. HTML, 12 stars, 1 fork.
- Pintos-dockerfile** (Public): The dockerfile for Pintos development environment with toolchain. 2 stars.